



I'm not robot



I am not robot!

The Shariah consists of precepts that are often expressed as general principles. Governance in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia derives its authority from the Quran and the Sunna of the Prophet, peace be upon him. This article provides an overview of the role of Islamic law in the constitutional order of Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, covering their constitutional frameworks, legal systems, and legal systems. According to the Basic Law of Governance, the country's official religion is Islam and the constitution is the Quran and Sunna (traditions and practices based on the life of the Prophet). The Saudi legal system is based completely on sharia law. The Saudi legal system is based on sharia law, which sometimes have no equivalence in the Shariah, or traditional Islamic Law, forms the basis of the Saudi legal system. Established in 1993, the Council of Senior Scholars is an advisory body of persons that reports to the king. The Shariah is derived from the Holy Quran and the Sunna (words and deeds) of the Prophet Mohammed, as interpreted by influential scholars of Islamic jurisprudence. Chapter 9 of the Basic Law of Governance in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia shall be based on justice, shura, and equality in accordance with Sharia. For example, Iran and Saudi Arabia have Islamic law-based regulations that require women to wear veils and be accompanied by male guardians [PDF] in public places. The Basic Law of Saudi Arabia was promulgated seventeen years later by King Fahad in 1992, with the broad support of the Council of Senior Scholars. The Basic Law of Saudi Arabia is often referred to as Sharia law. It is a set of disciplines and principles that govern the behavior of a Muslim individual towards his or herself, family, neighbors, community, city, nation and the Muslim polity as a whole. The Quran and Sunna shall govern this Law and all the laws of the State. Governance in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia derives its authority from the Quran and the Sunna of the Messenger, both of which govern this Law and all the laws of the State. Article 1 of the Basic Law of Saudi Arabia shall be based on justice, shura, and equality in accordance with Sharia. Ley Sharia en Arabia Saudita The administration of Islamic law, or Shari'a, in Saudi Arabia is discussed in terms of the model put forth by Nonet and Selznick, in which they define three evolutionary stages of Sharia and national law in Saudi Arabia. Find, read and cite all the research you need on ResearchGate. SAUDI ARABIA The Islamic judicial system is based on laws derived from the Qur'an and the Sunna and on legal opinions and fatwas (rulings) of the Council of Senior [Religious] Scholars. Shariah, or traditional Islamic Law, forms the basis of the Saudi legal system. The council, supported by the Board of Research and Development, is the highest authority in the legal system. The Shariah is derived from the Holy Quran and the Sunna (words and deeds) of the Prophet. The system of government in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is established on the foundation of justice, "Shoura" and equality in compliance with the Islamic Shari'ah (the revealed Law). The first article of the Basic Ordinance () states that the Holy Qur'an and the Sunna (traditions) of the Prophet Muhammad are the constitution of the kingdom and that Sharia Law in Saudi Arabia is based on them. Free download as PDF File.pdf, Text File.txt or read online for free.