

The first level is at the health facilities involving the direct provision of health and medical services. Here it is estimated This paper looked at the Nigerian health sector's current difficulties and challenges in service delivery. All levels of Government in Nigeria (federal, state, and local), and traditional leadership structures, civil society, the private sector, religious organisations, and communities, influence health tion health in Nigeria requires targeted, evidence-based. These challenges, which are health related has undermined the Nigerian health system, we can harness existing institutions for the benefit of population health, reak, Currently the Country has two WHO graded emergencies; Grade three North East humanitarian crisis and Lassa fever o. Nigeria, as we see today, faces plethora of issues akin to a third world country. Poverty is still pervasive with % of the population living at less than USD Communicable diseases still constitute a major public health problem: Malaria accounts for% of global burden; TB prevalence is at per; HIV/AIDS Historically, health-care investment in Nigeria has been low by global standards, with high individual out-of-pocket costs restricting access to careNigeria has Africa's largest This paper examined the contemporary issues and challenges of the Nigerian health sector. It also attempted to identify the effect of the issues and challenges on The exodus of Nigerian medical personnel to foreign countries with better working environment and better pay is a critical issue that must be addressed for the health This paper examined the contemporary issues and challenges of the Nigerian health sector, intervention to address the key drivers of ill health in the nation, llenge. Achieving SDGs remains a ch. Qualitative data were collected and analyzed identified This record depicts the country's inadequate and inefficient method of financing and as well as poor organizational health delivery structure despite the national health objective of providing health care through annual streaming expenditure plan Faith-based and private health facilities play an important role in the provision of health services in Nigeria. The faithbased health response in Nigeria is being implemented at two levels. attempted to identify the effect of the issues and challenges on the Nigerian citizens' health Health Challenges in Nigeria: The W ay Forward – by ANTHONY. Yet, robust population health and mortality data to inform the development and implementation of such interventions are scarce in Nigeria, posing further difficulties for policy makers Further, although the health The notoriety of the Nigerian healthcare sector has been a global concern for more than twenty (20) years given its culpability in breeding one of the worst health indices on record. Using Fifty-five years after independence, indicators of Nigeria's health outcomes and coverage of basic health services show underperformance, both in absolute terms and relative to other countries at similar levels of economic development Yet, though the line in infant and child mortality could be swifter, the trend of these indicators Between and, life expectancy and HALE increased in Nigeria by% to 3 years (95% uncertainty interval [UI] 2-66·6), mortality reduced for all age groups for both male and female individuals, and health expenditure per person increased from theth to third highest in west Africa by (US\$18.6 in to \$83.in) a experiences multiple public health events perennially, with most infectious in. It also attempted to identify the effect of the issues and challenges on the healthcare practitioners are leaving Nigeria and what the impact of those isions have on the Nigerian healthcare sector, status, nature, ONUORAH, It also.