



I'm not robot



**I am not robot!**

Classification of Personal Health Questionnaire Depression Scale (PHQ-8) Over the last weeks, how often have you been bothered by any of the following problems? Although it contains areas, calculate the patient's score on the first answers DEPRESSED MOOD (Gloomy attitude, pessimism about the future, feeling of sadness, tendency to weep)= Absent= Sadness, etc= Occasional weeping= Frequent weeping= Extreme Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much Feeling tired or having little energy Poor appetite or overeating Feeling bad about yourself — or that you are a failure or have let yourself or your family down

THE HAMILTON RATING SCALE FOR DEPRESSION (to be administered by a health care professional) Patient's Name Date of Assessment To rate the severity of depression in patients who are already diagnosed as depressed, administer this questionnaire. Although it contains areas, calculate the patient's score on the first answers DEPRESSED MOOD Beck Depression Inventory. Others have criticized the scale as outdated in terms of the DSM-IV definition of depression and have claimed that its scoring is unclear. (Questions must be endorsed as a "2" or a "3"; Question 9 The HAM-D is designed to rate the severity of depression in patients. This depression inventory can be self-scored. Nearly every day") Step Questions through 9 Need a total of five or more boxes endorsed within the shaded ar. The HAM-D is designed to rate the severity of depression in patients. Choose one statement from among the group of four statements in each question that best describes how you have been feeling during the The HDRS (also known as the Ham-D) is the most wide-ly used clinician-administered depression assessment scale. The original version contains items (HDRS17) THE HAMILTON RATING SCALE FOR DEPRESSION (to be administered by a health care professional) Patient's Name Date of Assessment To rate the severity of depression in The total Hamilton Depression (HAM-D) Rating Scale provides and indication of depression and, over time, provides a valuable guide to progress. The original version contains items (HDRS) pertaining to symptoms of depression experienced over the past week. The higher the score, the more severe the depression ly used clinician-administered depression assessment scale. a of the form to arrive at the total symptom count. Overall The total Hamilton Depression (HAM-D) Rating Scale provides and indication of depression and, over time, provides a valuable guide to progress absent/doubtful or trivial/present/absent; mild/moderate/severe/incapacitating. Although the scale was designed for completion after an unstructured clinical interview, there are now semi-structured interview guides available. The HDRS Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) test-retest coefficients at the level of individual items have found values that are much lower. The scoring scale is at the end of the questionnaire I do not feel sad I feel sad I am sad all the time and I can't snap out of it I am so sad and unhappy that I can't stand it I am not particularly discouraged about the future Step Questions and Need one or both of the first two questions endorsed as a "2" or a "3". The possible range is This easy to use patient questionnaire is a self-administered version of the PRIME-MD diagnostic instrument for common mental disorders The PHQ is the depression Beck's Depression Inventory. (circle one number on Count the number (#) of boxes checked in a column. In general the higher the total score the more severe the depression Multiply that number by the value indicated below, then add the subtotal to produce a total score.