

A descriptive research design can use a wide variety of research methods to investigate one or more variables interpretive qualitative research is particularly rich in analyzing data at both the descriptive (surface) and interpretive (deeper) levels and telling a coherent story that weaves in historical context and theory. Descriptive surveys collect and provide three types of information: (i) of what exists with respect to variables or conditions in a situation; (ii) of what we went by identifying In this particular book, we present descriptive-interpretive qualitative research by Robert Elliott and Ladislav Timulak. The authors also offer a wealth of suggestions, based on their experience, about how to avoid potential methodological pitfalls A descriptive research design is a systematic research design that seeks information to characterise a phenomenon, situation or population Descriptive research. Although some people dismiss descriptive research as `mere description', good description is fundamental to the research enterprise and it has added immeasurably to our knowledge of the shape and nature of our society Descriptive research generates data, both qualitative and quantitative, that define the state of nature at a point in time. This chapter discusses some characteristics and basic procedures of the various types of descriptive research. In order to know what types of interventions might be useful—what problems need to be solved—we must understand the landscape of needs and opportunities. They are: Observational Method The observational method is the most eGyanKosh preserves and enables easy and open access to all types of digital content including text, images, moving images, mpegs and data sets Learn More eGyanKosh Quantitative research: Descriptive research is a quantitative research method that attempts to collect quantifiable information for statistical analysis of the population Understand research design and the process of research design. It can answer what, where, when and how questions, but not why questions. Formulate a research problem and state it as a hypothesisMEANING OF RESEARCH Research is a There are different types of research designs, such as exploratory, descriptive, experimental, and correlational designs, each serving specific purposes in research, According to Pawar, (), descriptive method of research is a type of research which obtains relevant facts, data, and information at present state, providing A descriptive research design is a type of research design that aims to obtain information to systematically describe a phenomenon, situation, or population While causal research garners substantial attention, most research (even most policy-relevant re-search) is descriptive. Download to read the full chapter text Descriptive research design is a type of research methodology that aims to describe or document the characteristics, behaviors, attitudes, opinions, or perceptions of a group or population being studied This generic approach is the culmination of many years of Descriptive Research Methods There are distinctive methods to conduct descriptive research. Largescale de-scriptive research provides this landscape Descriptive research aims to accurately and systematically describe a population, situation or phenomenon.